FAIR



PLAY.

VOLUME XV.

STE. GENEVIEVE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1886.

NUMBER 26.

CURRENT TOPICS The News in Brief.

Mone than one-half of the United States

enators own real estate in Washington CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER thinks President Cleveland will be renominated in 1888, and that he will carry Illinois.

A committee of the British Cabinet is preparing a land bill for Ireland, based on an extension of the Ashbourne act

EXPRESS MESSENGER FOTHERINGHAM was called into court in St. Louis on the 16th and pleaded "not guilty" to the indiefmeats against him.

Tug retirement of General Kaulbars From Bulgaria, is spoken of in all the European capitals as the retreat of Russia before the united force of Europe.

THE Cologue Gazette is forbidden to enter Turkey on account of baving printed a remark of the Sultan that "the English were dogs and the Germans Digg."

THE prospect that the American exhilition in London will be the only exposition open during the jubilee year (1887) has increased public interest in the enter-

THE Vermont Legislature (both houses has passed a bill providing that all hotels or restaurants using oleomargarine shall put up large signs notifying the public of

AT an immense Socialist demonstration in Trafalger square, London, on the 21st, resolutions were adopted calling on the government to relieve the distress among

THE report of the committee appointed to investigate the charges against Secretary Vail of the National Trotting Association severely criticises the official con

duct of that gentleman. THE President will attend the funeral of ex-President Arthur and will be accompanied by the Secretary of State, Secre tary of the Navy, Secretary of the Interior and the Postmaster-General.

THE Berlin police seized 8,000 Socialst pamphlets on the 20th. They found that 7,000 had already been distributed. Five

them, were expelled from the city. SECRETARY MANNING is steadily im proving in health and strength. He walks every pleasant morning and drives out in the afternoon. The Secretary has dissed with the daily attendance of a

Stony's statue of America for the monument to the author of the "Star-Spangled Banner," which he is making for hlifornia, has been successfully east in Gronze at Kome. The operat. V. lasted

THE Cook County (III.) grand jury charged by the coroner's jury with complicity in the death of Terrence Begley, near the Union Stock Yards after the close

THE Vermont Legislature on the 19th passed a joint resolution expressing sor-row at the death of "that illustrious and eminent son of Vermont, ex-Presiden Chester A. Arthur," eulogizing him an tendering sympathy to his family.

THE American legation at Berlin was closed on the 20th, under the supposition that that was the day fixed for the funeral of ex-President Arthur. The Berlin press eulogizes General Arthur as an upright man and an independent politician.

THE estimates for the civil establishment of the navy were submitted to the Treasury Department on the 16th. They are \$10,000,000 less than last year and include \$5,000,000 for the continuance of work on the new cruisers already author-

THE Third Auditor of the Treasury sued requisitions on the Treasurer of the United States on the 20th for \$11,585,625 to pay the pensions accruing December 1. Of this the Topeka (Kas.) agency gets \$805,000, and \$1,207,000 goes to the Chicago

COLONEL JOHN MOORE, of the medical department of the army, has been apointed Surgeon-General by the Presi dent, to ' neceed Surgeon-General Murray, retired. Colonel Moore, who is in San Francisco, has been directed to report at Washington immediately.

THE overtures made by the tenants of Lord Clauricade's estates in Ireland, with a view of a settlement of the rent question, have been rejected. Messrs. Dillor and O'Brien spoke on the 18th at Portumna, in County Galway, where these estates are situated. There was much excite-

GENERAL KAULBARS and his staff de parted from Sofia on the 20th. Only twenty persons were at the station to bid him farewell. The town was decorated with flags and illuminated; not in honor of General Kaulbars, but because it was the first anniversary of the battle of

The police of Boston began on the 21st the enforcement of the ancient law against open shops on Sunday. Bakers and restaurants are exempted by special laws, but barbers, fruit venders, news dealers provision dealers, druggists and Jewish shop-keepers opened their establishments only at the risk of prosecution.

GENERAL KAULBARS, in his note to th Bulgarian Government announcing his departure, says that the government has rejected Russia's counsels, which were intended to extricate Bulgaria from her difficulties, and has continued its violent attacks upon Russian subjects. His further presence, he adds, is useless, Bulgaria having completely lost confidence in

GENERAL J. D. C. ATKINS, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, returned to Washington on the 19th, after a month spend in specting the Indian agencies in the Southwest. He reports that affairs at the several agencies are in a satisfactory conaition and that the policy of the Indian Office, that the Indians should abandon ther tribal relations and accept their lands in severality, is daily growing in favor among the tribes.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL

THE vitriol works of the John L. Thompson Chemical Company near West Troy, N. Y., were destroyed by a cyclone on the

THE British Government has refused the request of the Scotch crofters that the military be withdrawn from Skye.

THE residence of James Johnson at Landesville, Ind., was burned on the morning of the 18th and his two daughters, Ella and Minnie, perished in the

PATRICK GRAVES, charged with the murder of Jane Wheller, at Cleveland, O., proved an alibi, and was discharged from custody.

THERE trackmen were struck by a snowplow on the Fonda Narrow-gauge branch of the Wabash road in Iowa on the 18th, two of whom have died from their in-

It was reported that Lord Salisbury would remain in London on the 21st to receive the deputation of unemployed workmen.

A PET parrot attacked James Lawson' habe, six weeks of age, in its cradle, at Marion, Ind, on the 18th, and picked a hole through its skull, through which the brain cozed. The injuries are probably fatal.

Two persons were fatally injured and several seriously by a land-slide which struck the limited express on the Panhandle road at Jones' Ferry, Pa., on the 18th.

Ireland, on the 18th, was resisted by a mol of several hundred persons, a number of whom were wounded. In the Haddock murder case at Sioux

City, Ia., the grand jury returned an indictment for murder against John Arens torff, and for conspiracy against ter BungLans effected an entrance into the

residence of Matthew McKeever in Oakand township, Pa., and carried off a ucket containing \$10,000. HUGH DEVLIN, a member of Conpany E Second infantry, was found frozen to

death near the guard-house at Fort Omaha, Neb., on the 18th. He was unde he influence of liquor. GENERAL KAULBARS has been instruct of by the Czur to leave Bulgaria at one if his demand for the dismissal of the com-

nandant at Philippopolis is not complled with. STRONG efforts are being made to have District Attorney Stone, of Philadelphia who was removed at the same time a Benton, reinstated, but it is said they will

COLONEL MAJENDIE, chief of police of London, Eng., was in St. Louis on the

SEVENTEEN United States Senators own their own homes in Washington. QUEEN VICTORIA will lay the corner-

of the Imperial Institute in June,

A STRIKE OF COLLOR OPERATE

ened at Fall River, Mass.

Тик flow of Hungarian emigrants to have been liberated. America is said to be increasing. CUTTING is going to lacerate the Ameri

Mexican prison. It is announced that Sir Robert Hamilton, under Secretary for Ireland, is about

to resign. Ex-ALDERMEN WAITE and Fullgraff, of New York, testified against McQuade in the bribery trial on the 19th. Foligraff

made himself out a rank perjurer. A VIOLENT partisan debate took place i the Spanish Cortes on the 19th, in which, it is conceded the Government carried of

POLICEMAN CHARLES JONES, of Pitts burgh, Pa., killed his wife on the 19th and Peter Engelhart, of Cincinnati, killed

CAPTAIN NOBOKOVF, leader of the Bour gas revolt, and three sergeants implicated therein, have been condemned to death. CHAS. A. BROWN and P. L. Hurgett were killed on the 19th by an explosion of a filter in the salt works at Syracus

Foreign Affairs, treated the Bulgarian question at great length in a speech on the 19th, on the budget. WESTERN starch manufacturers held a conference at Indianapolis, Ind., on the respect for the memory of the dead ex-9th, for the purpose of strengthening the

COUNT KALNOKY, Austrian Minister for

THE steamers Britannia and Reaconsfield had a collision off the Battery, New York, on the 19th, and the latter sank. Manhattan, of New York, and Iroquois, cant.

of Chicago, is being organized at Wash-DR. H. C. CALDWELL, a distinguish traveler, and the last relative of John C. Calhoun, died of an overdose of morphice at Peoria, Ill., on the 19th.

WASHINGTON has increased her real eslast fifteen years, and her population has and other cities. grown in the same ratio.

It is semi-officially announced that England, acting in concert with Austria, will, for the present, withhold her support of the latter were wounded before they of Prince Nicholas' candidacy for the Bulgarian throne.

London his warm thanks to the official whom Colonel Mutkaroff arrested for service in the Russian cause, and has granted the man a pension and a decora-DURING the seven days ended the 19th

542 failures were reported throughout the United States and Canada, as compared with 231 for the preceding like period. FREITAG's embroidery factory, in Jersey City, N. J., was destroyed by fire on the 19th. The insurance will fully cover the

JOHN MCINTOSH KELL, who was chief executive officer of the Confederate cruiser Alabama, has been appointed Adjutant-General of Georgia by Gövernor Gordon Kall has been living in retirement in Georgia ever since the war.

THE recent gale completely destroyed summer hotel in progress of construction on Walnut mountain, one mile from Liber ty, Sullivan County, N. Y. The whole structure was lifted from the foundation and carried twelve feet, falling into a

nass, and is a total wreck. BISHOP HENRY R. WHIPPLE, of Minne ota, a member of the committee to negotiate with certain Indian tribes in th Northwest for the sale to the Government of portions of their reservations, has resigned, and Jared W. Daniels, of Minnesots, has been appointed to the vacancy.

THE Hotel Bellevue and several cottages at Cape May Point, N. J., were destroyed by fire on the 20th.

THE stock yards at Chicago have been vacuated by the militia.

COLONEL MORRISON is now mentioned in onnection with the Austrian mission. SIR ROBERT HAMILTON, under secretary or Ireland, is to be appointed. Governor of Tasmania, with a salary of \$25,000 a

vear. LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR CHAUNCEY F. BLACK of Pennsylvania is spoken of as the probable successor of S. S. Cox as United States Minister to Turkey.

DURING the year ended June 30 the Govrnment paid out \$13,444,733 to the army and \$2,082,447 on public buildings. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, the defeated Re-

publican candidate for mayor of New York, is to be married in London on December 2. THE proposals of the Miners' Amalgam-

ated Association have been rejected by the Connellsville (Pa.) coke operators, and a strike of the 12,000 coke workers will probably be ordered. JIMENEZ, the notorious Cuban outlaw, was shot and killed a few days since by

the police at Havana. By a preconcerted arrangement seven hundred subscribers discontinued their use of the telephones in Rochester, N. Y., at noon on the 20th.

THIEVES entered the residence of Mrs. Miller, a widow, at Ligonier, Pa., on the night of the 29th, and robbed her of \$2,000 gold and nearly \$2,000 more in currency and checks.

MAGGIE, the eleven-year-old daughter As eviction process in County Kerry, of Angus McKenzie, a farmer living at Wellsville, O., was burned to death on the 20th. The little one's clothing took fire from a grate during the temporary abence of the mother.

EX-GOVERNOR C. K. DAVIS, prominently mentioned for United States Sen-ator from Minnesota before the next Legislature, has temporarily lost the sight of his left eye and the other is in danger. His physician is very reticent as to the outcome, and it is feared that total blindness may ensue. The case is attributed to overwork.

RUSSIAN subjects who remain in Bulgaria have been placed under French protection by General Kaulbars.

ANNIE SEIBERT, a servant girl employed by Joseph Daupher, a Pittsburgh (Pa.) butcher, was fatally burned on the 20th. The clothes of the unfortunate domestic caught fire from the stove while she was

A DISASTROUS fire occurred in Allegheny City, Pa., on the 20th, in which one fireman was killed and four others were injured. Three ice-houses, two stables and even dwellings were destroyed and as nany families were rendered homeless ONE thousand houses on the island Luzeen, one of the Philippine group, w

destroyed by fire on the 20th THERE is new trouble for England Afghanistan, supposably instigated

HON. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, S. died on the morning of the 91st at oston. e crofters who were imprisor

THE steamer Barrowmore, from Bal more to Liverpool, on the 21st arrived can heart by lecturing on the woes of a St. Johns, Newfoundland, with her car of cotton on fire.

> onies and fisheries, has been sent to Low California to report on the condition the colonies there. ONE THOUSAND police officers were d ailed at New York to serve in connecti

T. Massac, Mexican inspector of c

with the funeral of ex-President Arth on the 22d. OFFICER HENRY was shot and killed and Marshall McGuire fatally wounded by

horse-thieves whom they attempted to arrest at Albuquerque, N. M. Hon. HIRAM CABLE, father of President Cable of the Rock Island railroad, died at Davenport, In., on the 21st.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

THE remains of ex-tresident Arthur, after selemn services in the Church of the Holy Name in New York on the 224, were taken to Albany and laid to rest in Rural

THE Federal departments at Washington were closed on the 22d, the buildings were draped in emblems of mourning and a salute of thirteen guns were fired in President.

GERMANY declined the honor of formally undertaking to protect Russian subjects in Bulgaria in the absence of Russian representatives, and the task fell A NEW political club, modeled after the upon France, which is regarded as signifi-

ALL the Russian steamers on the Danube have been ordered to proceed to

THE idea has been broached in Washington to make the occasion of the National drill there next spring conspicuou by a carnival pageant after the order of tate valuation forty-five per cent. in the similar events in St. Louis, New Orleans

A DESPERATE fight occurred on the 22d between the police and a mob at Listowel, County Kerry, Ireland, in which several

A neavy southeast gale prevailed on THE Czar on the 19th telegraphed to Lake Michigan on the 22d, causing much damage to shipping.

THE appropriation committee of the House of Representatives met in Washington on the 22d, and assigned the various appropriation bills to the sub-committees which had them in charge last session. THE Yale freshmen have chall-nged the

Harvard freshmen to an eight-oared twomile straight away race, to be rowed at New London next June. FIRE at Marysville, Pa., on the 224, destroyed seven builtings, including a

stable, botel, five dwellings and two

stores; loss, \$20,000. THE Adams Express Company is deendant in a suit for \$50,000 damages claimed by E. D. Coleman, the sick man in Topeka, Kan., who was placed under surveilance by detectives, who ransacked his private baggage and papers on sus-

picion of his being the express robber. MICHAEL GEEGLE was instantly killed and J. Austin fatally injured by a failing scaffeld at the new cyclorama building at Detroit, Mich., on the 22d. William Reader and George Phillips also sustained serious injuries.

THE wheat crop of the Red River valley proves to be larger than the estimates, and the elevators and warehouses along the line of the Manitoba read are all full to everflowing.

CRIEF SIGNAL OFFICER HAZEN laments the discentinuance of Fort Mever as a port of instruction.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Official Figures JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 16 .- The official count made yesterday afternoon gives

the following majorities: Brace, Dem., for Superme Judge--Plurality, 54,656; majority, 34,425. Coleman, Dem., Superintendent of Schools — Piurality, 54,673; majority, Breathitt, Dem., Railroad Commissionet

-Plurality, 49,579; majority, 32,948. CONGRESSMEN. First District-Hatch, Dem., majority,

Second District-Mansur, Dem., plurali-Third District-Dockery, Dem., plurality,

,362; majority, 4,219. Fourth District-Burnes, Dem., plurality, .087; majority, 1,701. Fifth District-Warner, Rep., plurality, 85; majority, 565.

Sixth District-Heard, Dem., majority, Seventh District-Huiton, Dem., majoritv. 2.074.

Eighth District-O'Neill, Dem., majori-Ninth District-Glover, Dem., plurality,

Tenth District-Clardy, Dem., plurality, Eleventh District-Bland, Dem., majoritv. 2,500. Twelfth District-Stone, Dem., plurality,

3,665; majority, 2,596. Thirteenth District-Wade, Rep., plurality, 1,968; majority, 1,030. Fourteenth District-Walker, Dem., ma-

jority, 7,866. CIRCUIT JUDGES. Of the thirty Circuit Judges elected twenty-four are Democrats, five Republicans and one Greenback-Labor.

Miscellaneous Items.

Major-General Pope, retired, was tendered a banquet in St. Louis a few nights

John T. Garrison, a despondent St. Louis barber, shot himself a few nights ago with suicidal intent. Five prominent St. Louis business men

have formed a syndicate for the purchase of an extensive mining property on Yankee Hill, near Leadville, Col. The inrestment is to be \$200,000. Joseph Hoffman, a St. Louis tailor, swallowed a nine-inch table-knife a few

nights ago while juggling to amuse his

children. Dr. A. C. Bernays cut him open and removed the knife, and says the man Thomas J. Moore, local agent at Sedalia ir the State Insurance Company of wa, was arrested a few days ago on a arrant sworn out by a representative of ompany, charging bim with obtaining ioney under false pretenses. Being un-

ble to furnish bail the prisoner was A most remarkable divission in the crimnal laws of this State has been discovered by the Supreme Court-namely, that i private banker can receive deposits then he knows his bank to be in a failing oudition without incurring prosecution. 'he General Assembly will be asked to

Mrs. Slater, of Kansas City, had a narow escape a few days ago at the Grand venue depot of the Chicago & Alton ailway. She was seated in a cab, when he team became frightened and ran beween the cars offa moving train. Both the horses were killed and the hack was smashed. The woman was removed to her home, but her injuries are not consid-

The large barn of E. S. Templeton, a farmer living four miles north of Jackson, was discovered to be in flames a few nights ago, and too far consumed to save any of its contents. The loss was between four and five hundred bushels of corn, five good horses, some farming implements and a lot of wheat, with no in-

Hon. "Jake" Child is delighted with his osition as United States Minister to Siam. Whenever he appears on the streets the natives fall down on their faces be fore him and battalions of soldiers present arms to him and make a way for him by force if necessary. In all Mr. Child's experience as a Missouri editor, he does not emember ever having received such attentions.

On the last day of the recent session of the State Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows in St. Louis the following grand officers were installed: J. F. Gmelich, Boonville, grand patriarch: T. B. Gannaway, Paris, grand high priest; W. H. Grone, Canton, grand senior warden; C. H. Harris, Hannibal, grand junior warden; E. M. Sloan, St.

Louis, grand scribe. Wilson's Opera-house, the only one in Independence, was sold a few days ago and will be closed, and, together with the store-rooms beneath it, be used as a dry

goods house. Mrs. Jane T. Hesser, widow of the late Judge B. F. Hesser, of Louisiana, Pike County, died on the 16th inst., at the resilence of her son-in-law, Major A. L. Loucks, in St. Louis, where she had resided for some years. Her remains were taken to Louisiana and interred beside those of her departed husband. Deceased was in her seventy-fifth year, and leaves six daughters and two sons to mourn the loss of a devoted mother. Mr. and Mrs. Hesser were among the early settlers in Louisiana, baving migrated westward from Culpepper County, Va., in the thirties, settling in Pike County in this State, where they became identified with the growth and prosperity of Louisiana. Deceased was a lady of many Christian virtues and was esteemed and beloved by all who came within the circle of her quiet

and unostentatious life. Two St. Louis butter dealers have been arrested and placed under bond for trial before the United States Court for selling oleomargine from unstamped packages.

"Jim Cummings" is at large yet. C. E. Hathaway, an editor at St. Joseph was whipped on the street a few days ago by Michael G. Moran, State Senator-elect, for personal allusion in the recent cam-

Patrick Gallagher, an insane young man, escaped from St. Vincent's Asylum, St. Louis, a few days ago, and created some little consternation at his home by possessing himself of an axe and hammer. He. however, shut himself up in his room, and it was not without some difficulty that he was finally secured by the police. His Insanity was caused by the excessive use of cigarettes.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE

Personnel and Political Complexion of the State Legislature Which Will Meet in Jefferson City This Winter-A Demo-

cratic Majority of Fifty on Joint Ballot Below will be found a correct list of the Senators and Representatives of the Thirty-fourth General Assembly of Missouri. In the House the Democrats have a majority of thirty-six over all opposition and a majority of fourteen in the Senate, a unajerity on joint ballot of fifty.

HOUSE.

In the list below Democrats are marked "D.;" Republicans, "R.;" Union Labor,

Adair—Josiah W. Davis, R.
And W. W. Win, D. Hoar, R.
Abelison—Benson Bond, D.
Audrain—R. Greed Carter, B.
Bartyn—Win A. Fly, D.
Barton—H. C. Thumons, D.
Bartes—John H. Hinton, D.
Renton—Samuel K. Grawford, R.
Bollinger—John I. Ellis, D.
Boonelan, D.; Goo, W. Johnson, D.
Buler—Dawit F. Eskew, D.
Caldwell—David R. B. Harlan, R.
Callaway—Thomas W. Shaw, D.
Camolen—A. R. Jackson, E.
Cape Girardean—Robert H. Whitelaw, D.
Carter—James Brooks, R.
Carter F. M. Coleman, D.
Cass—James K. Lacey, D.
Cedar—W. B. Lewis, E.
Chariton—Lacias Salisbury, D.
Chariton—Lecias Salisbury, D.
Charlino—R. F. Blummer, E. Adair-Josiah W. Davis, R. Cedar-W. B. Lewis, R.
Chariton-Lucius Salisbury, D.
Chariton-B. F. Flummer, R.
Clark-James H. Fore, D.
Clary-John H. Dunn, D.
Clinton-F.t. W. Turner, D.
Cole-Daniel H. McIntyre, D.
Cooper-O. F. Arnold, D.
Crawford-Z. T. Maxwell, D.
Dade-J. W. Newell, R.
Dallas-Amos S. Smith, D.
Daviess-J. W. Alexander, D.
Dekalb-Levi T. Moulton, R.
Dent-Francis M. Lenox, D.
Douglas-John M. Lewis, R.
Dunktin-Thomas R. E. Fly, D.
Franklin-John W. Booth, D.
Gasconade-Jos Loising, R.
Gentry-Frank A. Weimer, D.
Greene-A. M. Haswell, R.;
Beadlee, R.

Gentry-Frank A. Weimer, D.
Groens-A. M. Haswell, R.; Samuel W.
Bendlee, R.
Grundy-Thos. J. Taylor, R.
Harrison-Nelson Church, R.
Henry-William H. Cock, D.
Hickory-William H. Snidow, —
Hett-Lake R. Knowles, R.
Howard-Frank Dodd, D.
Howell-C. L. White, D.
Jackson-Geo, Noel, D.; M. R. Brown, D.
Benry Smith, R.; W. H. Miller, R.
Jasser-C. M. Etter, R.; D. Hopkins, R.
Jefterson-T. W. Gay, R.
Johnson-Samuel G. Kelley, R.; M. C. Connor, R.

Johnson-Samuel G. Keliey, R.; M. Cher, R.
Knox-Nicholas J. Watson, D.
Laclede-J. T. Moore, R.
Lafayette-Robert A. Hicklin, D.
Lawise-Horace F. Tait, D.
Liwis-Horace F. Tait, D.
Limo-J. A. Arbuthnot, R.
Livingston-William P. Munroe, D.
McDonald-John J. McNatt, D.
McDonald-John J. McNatt, D.
Macon-John H. Rabecek, D.
Mariss-J. M. Coppedige, D.
Mariss-J. M. Coppedige, D.
Marion-George A. Mahan, D.
Mercer-Martin, E. Swift, R.
Miscissippi-Jas. J. Russell, D.
Moniteau-D. K. Steele, R.
Moniteau-D. K. Steele, R.
Montromery-Win A. Carter, D.
Norgan-Conway Jones, D.
New Madrid-Misert J. Moore, D.
Verlagy-John J. 1900, p. 1900, Sonaway John T. Burne,

Noraway-John T. Gilbon, L., Cook, R.
Orogon-W. F. Collier, D.
Oragon-W. F. Cochran D.
Orage-Wm. F. Cochran D.
Ozark-Jos. B. Plant, R.
Petalscot-H. C. Garrett, D.
Petry-Edward Robb, D.
Phate-Charles F. Chrisman, D.
Pike-Hugh C. Duffy, B.
Piatte-Charles F. Chrisman, D.
Polk-Sanniel J. George, R.
Pulaski-Henry E. Warren, D.
Putnam-Harvey R. Powers, R.
Rails-Jas O. Allison, D.
Ray-John F. Morton, D.
Ray-John F. Morton, D.
Reynoids-J. C. O'Dell, B.
Ribley-Wm. A. Pearce, D.
St. Charles-Rudolph W. Mueller, R.
St. Clair-Jacob H. Smith, D.
St. Francois-J. D. Satterwhite, D.
St. Louis-J. R. Pollard, R.; Ira R. Warren, R.
Saline, Frank P. Schree, D.; Charles R.

Saline-Frank P. Sebree, D.; Charles B Schuyler-Nathaniel M Shelton, D. Schuyier—Nathaniel M Shelton, D.
Scott—I F. Fraser, D.
Scott—I F. Fraser, D.
Shannon—Perry Chilton, D.
Shannon—Perry Chilton, D.
Shelby—Win. O. L. Jewett, D.
Stoddart!—Jos. S. Richardson, D.
Stone—Joseph S. Standlee, R.
Sullivan—Isaac M. Roberts, D.
Taney—Samuel Dial, R.
Texas—James R. Simmons, D.
Vernon—H. L. Tillotson, R.
Warren—H. A. Schoppenhorst, R
Washington—Win. R. Goodykoontz, D
Webster—Joseph T. Moore, R.
Worth—John Ewing, R.
Wright—Barney Amick, R. Worth—John Ewing, R.
Wright Barney Amiek, R.
City of St. Louis. First District—J. B. Paschail, R.: V. B. S. Reber, R.; T. C. Martin, R.
Second District—Vernon W. Kuapp, D.; P. J.
Curran, D.: James Shaw, D.; Charles T. Noland, D. Third District—Frank S. Curtiss, D.;
Fred M. Waish, D.; J. W. Drabelle, D. Fourth
District—Thos. Holland, U. L.; J. J. Curley,
U. L.; John F. Walton, D.; Wm. P. Macklin,
D.

STATE SENATORS. Members of the Senate, Thirty fourth Gen 1st District—Lyman A. Parcher, Maryville,

2dDistrict-Michael G. Moran, St. Joseph lat District—H. F. Simrali, Liberty, D. tila District—John Taggart, Rethany, D. gain.
3th District—W. A. Jacobs, Chillicothe, R. oth District—Andrew Mackey, Keytesville,

7th District-William H. Sears, Macon District-James W. Sebree, Carroll h District-J. M. Proctor, Sturgeon, D h District-H. W. Johnson, Jon 11th District - David A. Ball, Louisiana, D 12th District - William G. Downing, Canith District-James P. Wood, New Lon 11th District—James E. Haizell, Califor-

Dith District—Jas. R. Saltonthall, Slater, D bith District—J. G. Sparks, Pleasant p. h District—John P. Harmon, Holden, D. h District—J. C. Seabourne, Pineville, R. th District-James J. Gideon, Ozark, R. bath District-W. P. Shelton, Osceo

21st District—R. Steele Ryors, Linn, R. 23d District—F. M. Mansfield, Hartville, D. 23d District—William Hunter, Com-24th District-J. Perry Johnson, Frederickown, D.
Eith District—B. W. Webster, St. Louis, R.
Eith District—M. R. Smilh, Marble Hill, D.
Eith District—A. M. Allen, Kansas City, D.
Eith District—S. H. Claycomb, Joplin, D.
Eith District—James C. McGinnis, St. District-George A. Castleman, St.

Louis, B.

Alst District—George W. Davisson, St.

Louis, R.

And District—F. A. Ketehum, St. Louis, D.

Bid District—John M. Kelley, St. Louis, R.

Bid District—D. H. Rerwin, St. Louis, B. John Sanford, employed in the mills at Sanford. Me., drew his month's pay the other day, and when his wife brought him his supper at six o'clock he handed her the money at her sug-

gestion. He worked until eight and

then went home, where he found his

two children, both babies, on the floor

alone, apparently having fallen out of hed Their mother had run away with Frank Sherburn, an old admirer of -The man with a shabby suit of clothes is likely to shine in society.

CARLISLE'S SPEECH.

belivered at the Fourth Annual Hanquet of

the Iroquois Club at Chicago in Respons to a Toast to American Industries. The first teast was: "American Indusries-Their Growth and Presperity can not be Promoted by Unnecessary or Un-equal Taxation." This was responded to ov Hon, John G. Carlisle, who spoke as

CARLISLE'S SPEECH.

Although the toust just read asserts a self-evident truth, we can not afford to ignore the fact that in this age of philosophical speculation and practical knowledge there are men in the front ranks of literature, politics and business who seriously contend that the Government can make its citizens rich and presperous by taxing them. If these gentlemen should attempt to convince the public that the farmer could be made more presperous by increasing the fax on his land, or that the manufacturer could be ben-fited by compelling him to pay a high rate of texation on his machinery or on his income, the absurdity of their positions would be so apparent as to excite universal ridicule, and yet such propositions would be no more absurd or unreasonable than the assertion that the prosperity of the people generally can be in-creased by imposing taxes on their food, clothing, building materials, their means of transportation and the tools used in their industries Taxes do not create wealth—they destroy it. Al taxation, whethes it be direct or indirect, and no matter how it may be disguised, or in what way its payments be inforced, is ultimately a charge upon labor, while its immediate and in variable effect is to withdraw the full amount of the exaction from the productive industries of the people. When it is equitably imposed for public purposes only and its pro-ceeds are honestly used in defraying the neces-sary expenses and meeting the just obligations of the Government, all are equally benefited and none has a right to complain. But when a tax is imposed on one part of the people or one class of industries, simply for the purpose of increasing the profits of another class of industries, or when a tax is so laid that its necessary reflect is to increase the profits in some industries at the expense of others equally meritori-

ous, the impolicy and injustice of the proceed-ing are too obvious to require comment. Absolute equality in the adjustment of the rates of taxation and in the designation of the articles upon which it shall be imposed is not to be expected, and, in fact, is not attainable; but substantial equality and uniformity are essential elements in every just revenue sys-tem. So long as the power of taxation is tem. So long as the power of faxation is exercised only for the purpose of raising revenue for the support of the clovernment, the principles of equality and uniformity can be urged and enforced, in a large degree at least, but when the power is perverted and used to increase the profits of private individuals and prevent the collection of revenue by the Covernment of t

crease the profits of private individuals and prevent the collection of revenue by the Government, it is impossible to regulate its exercise by any rule or principle except favoritism and selfishness. In such a case equality and niformity would necessarily defeat the imary object of the tax, because it is evident at if all were compelled to pay equal tribute each other, nobody would be benefited, and is just as evident that if all do not pay equal interest of the compelled to pay equal tribute. ibute, somebody must be cheated.

American industries—and by these terms I an to include every honest and useful occu-tion—cannot be promoted by any system of ration or any policy of legislation which disminates between them and compels one to

minates between them and compels one to attribute a part of its own earnings in mass the profits or prevent losses it and instribes it has country. The instribute of the compations of the people, nor any of to the tayer or bounts of the Government open to all atike. Mining and manufactng, and the occupations dependent upon m, are great and valuable industries, and aild be cherished and promoted in every per way. They afford employment to many lions of capital and many thousands of he ers, and their products contribute largely to welfare of the people. But they are no dustries in the household of the poor. In the fields and factories, in mines and facto-

ries, in stores and shops, on the railroads, nanals and rivers, on the high seas-every-where, there are American industries strug-gling with the mighty forces of nature, and subduing, combining and utilizing the elementof the earth and the air; and any view of our industrial system which fails to comprehend all these necessarily leads to partial and erroneous Taking that broad view of these various in lustries, which comprehends the smallest a

well as the greatest, and appreciates the inter-ests of a whole instead of a part only, it is im-possible to understand how their growth and prosperity can be promoted by taxation in any With a fertile soil and a friendly climate with inexhaustible stores of coal and iron—th two most powerful material agencies in ou modern civilization; with a vast extent of un occupied and undeveloped territory; with free institutions and an intelligent, industrious and enterprising population, we ought to be ex-empt from the social and political diseases which afflict the crowded nations of the old world, and we will be exempt from these when ax all alike and protect all Living in such a country

and surrounded by the marveious achievements of the most wonderful half-century in the annals of the human race, if the people continue unprosperous and discoment-ed; if wealth continues to accumulate rapidly in the hands of the idle few, while hunger and nakedness increase in the very homes of in dustry: if invested capital remains uneasy and labor dissatisfied, it will be a burning disgrace to the statesmanship of the age, and a terrible weight of responsibility will rest upon the who reject all means of relief and cling with stubbern tenacity to the worst features of the system under which these evils have originated

and obtained their present proportions.

But, gentlemen, no matter who may deser
or who may falter, the great fight for reform vill go on. This country does not belong either to the monopolists or the communists, and the people will save it from both. Between the two there stands a great and powerful body of enlightened, conservative and patriotic citi zens who respect equally the rights of capital and labor: who obey the laws and preserve the public peace, and who in spite of all combinations and conspiracies will ulti-mately see that the true principles of justice and equality prevail in the legislation of the coun ry. Even to prevent the continuance of long existing and intolerable evils, they will no rush from one extreme to another, but will pro eed carefully, deliberately and resolute correct inequiities, remove unnecessary bur-dens and open the paths that lead to peace and

While free trade is impracticable, industrie while free trade is impracticable, industries and commercial emancipation can and will be accomplished by wide and moderate measures of referm without interference with any private enterprise or injury to any public interest. To this policy some of us, at least, are irrevocably piedged, not only by the traditions and repeated declarations of the political party to which we belong, but by a sense of personal and official duty which can not be disregarded without betraying the confidence reposed in us by the people. by the people.

Whether in public or private life, I shall stand by that pledge, and to the extent of my

honorable way to the early and complete tri-umph of revenue reform. A Diabolical Attempt. Cuicago, Nov. 17.-The story published this morning that an attempt was made to poison Phil Armour and family Monday evening by two men who sent to his cook

sample package of buckwheat flour

found to contain a large quantity of

strychnine, was confirmed by that gentle man to-day. When a United Press reporter visited Mr. Armour's office this morning no traces of mental anxiety could be detected upon his features as he scanned many docuhis features as he scanned many docu-ments and letters that lay before him, but when asked whether the statements conerning the alleged attempted crime were true, acknowledged that they were.

THE WEATHER BUREAU.

Interesting Excerpts From the Annual Re-port of General W. B. Hazen, Chief Signal Officer—The Value of the Service as Indi-cated by Practical Results—Further Ex-tensions Desirable.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21. General W. B. Hazen Chief Signal officer, has transmit ted to the Scoretary of War his annual re-port, showing the operations of his bureau ring the last fiscal year. The report begins with a statement of the value of the instruction afforded at Fort Myer, and the service of the signal corps attached to General Miles' command during the Geroimp campaign are cited as evidence of the utility and necessity of trained signal off cers. Regret is expressed at the action of Congress in failing to provide for a contin-nance of Fort. Myer as a post of instruc-On this subject General Hazen says: "The present plan must inevitably bring and this fact cannot be learned until much

time and money is lost, and the service im paired." Concerning the work of the meteorological division the report says: "Many very important laws have been recently deduced theoretically and confirmed by observerations and experiments. Solar and terrestrial radiation, the conditions determining temperature; the relations be tween the amount of solar heat received by different parts of the earth's surface and the corresponding resulting tempera-ture, the effect of the deflecting forces of the earth's rotation on the mechanics of atmosphere, and the theory of the general metion of the atmosphere, and of cyclones

tornadoes, etc., are subjects which have recently received much attention. "It is stated that the plan of securing as bservers young men qualified by education for the pursuit of scientific studies. and thus raising the standard of the enlist ed force of the signal corps, has now been in operation five years, and of the 378 en listments made during that time ninety seven were college graduates, and it has proved of benefit to the service."

WEATHER PORECASTS. Touching the weather forecasts and special warnings issued during the year, it s said that the increasing demand for these forecasts may be taken as evidence of their value. The officers are unable to comply with the numerous requests recived from cities, towns and corporations for the special warnings, owing to the limited appropriations for this branch of the Service

General Hazen says that the progress made in indicating the approach of cold waves has been highly satisfactory and he is convinced that property to the value of many millions of dollars has been saved through the agency of this service. The cold wave signal is now displayed by or ders from the central office at 290 cities and towns in the United States, and from these points distributed by telephone and and railways to about 20,000 stations. An appropriation of \$5,000 is recommended for the extension of the service and the opinion is expressed that no appropriation would be more acceptable to the people 3. A 1,000 cold wave signals displayed

justified. The number of signa stations in operation June 30, 1886, in the United States was 452 These include the teagraph stations, display, special river, cotton region and twelve repair stations. In addition, reports are received from twents four Canadian stations by the co-operation of the Canadian meteological service. The office has continued to co-operate with foreign observers in collecting simultaneous me teorological reports, and in this work reports have been received from 294 foreign stations and 616 naval and merchant mar

ine vessels.

STATEM OF WARRING Being desirous of ascertaining the opin or of the public as to the value of the system of warnings and indications by the display of flags, the chief signal officer says he addressed a circular letter to those in charge of the display of those signals at various points requesting that they report what extent they give satisfaction. More than 20 replies were received commending in the highest terms this new feature of the signal service which gives to many cities and towns the advantages of a signal service station without expense to the Government. An appropriation of \$10,000 is recommended to enable the bu-

reau to furnish flags and transmit telegrams to these volunteer stations.
Of the utility of the flood warnings fur aished by the Signal Service, the report says a careful estimate shows that property valued at \$128,000 was saved at a single station (Nashville, Tenn.), by the flood warnings of the Signal Service in the Comberland river during March and April of the current year. The expense to the Government in communicating the above warnings to all stations of that system, inluding pay of river observers, was \$27.50 This single example illustrates what is

being done in the whole system. The system of seaceast telegraph lines said to be of great value, and its extension along the entire Atlantic coast is Of the State weather services, General Hazen says: "The plan of organizing State weather services, co-operating with the

Signal Service, has met with encourage-

value of such organizations in affording

ment during the year, and the

means for the rapid and economical dis tribution of the weather forecasts and frost and cold wave warnings of this serv ice has led me to arrange for establishment of similar service in States where they are not now in operation. The chief signal officer hopes that Congress at its next session will recognize the successful work performed by Lieutenant Greely and his party in providing promo

tions of the survivors and support for the families of those who lost their lives while serving with this expedition. The report closes with recommendations looking to the establishment of additional cautionary stations on the lakes and th purchase, at a cost of \$105,000, of a new milding for the accommodation of the bu-

reau.

Ishreming, Mich., Nov. 22 -On accounthe prevalence of diphtheria, all dances nd public meetings have been prohibite. in this city. The schools have been closed and no services were held in the churches, by order of the Board of Health, yester-

Appraisement of Diseased Cattle.

Curcago, Nov. 22.—The appraisers acting or the Board of Live Stock Commission ers have completed their work upon 4% head at the Phoenix distillery, the property of the men who were anxious for immediate slaughter two or three weeks ago. The s understood those belonging to Flynn reached an average of over thirty dollars. No cattle will be slaughtered until early next week, when the owners will be called upon to decide whether they will take that step at their own risk—the board allow-ing them one dollar off per head of the appraised value—or allow the authorities to proceed under the statute.